

2020, the number of people in the world living in extreme poverty (less than \$1.90 a day) is projected to increase from 6.5 billion in 2019 to 7.5 billion in 2020. This is a significant increase, especially given the fact that the world population is projected to reach 8 billion by 2020. The increase in extreme poverty is largely due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, which has caused a global economic recession and led to the loss of jobs and income for millions of people. The pandemic has also led to a global health crisis, which has further exacerbated the economic situation. The United Nations has called for a global response to the crisis, including a commitment to achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) by 2030. The SDGs are a set of 17 goals that aim to address the world's most pressing challenges, including poverty, inequality, and climate change. The United Nations has also called for a commitment to achieving the SDGs by 2030, which will require a significant increase in investment in infrastructure, education, and healthcare. The United Nations has also called for a commitment to achieving the SDGs by 2030, which will require a significant increase in investment in infrastructure, education, and healthcare.



