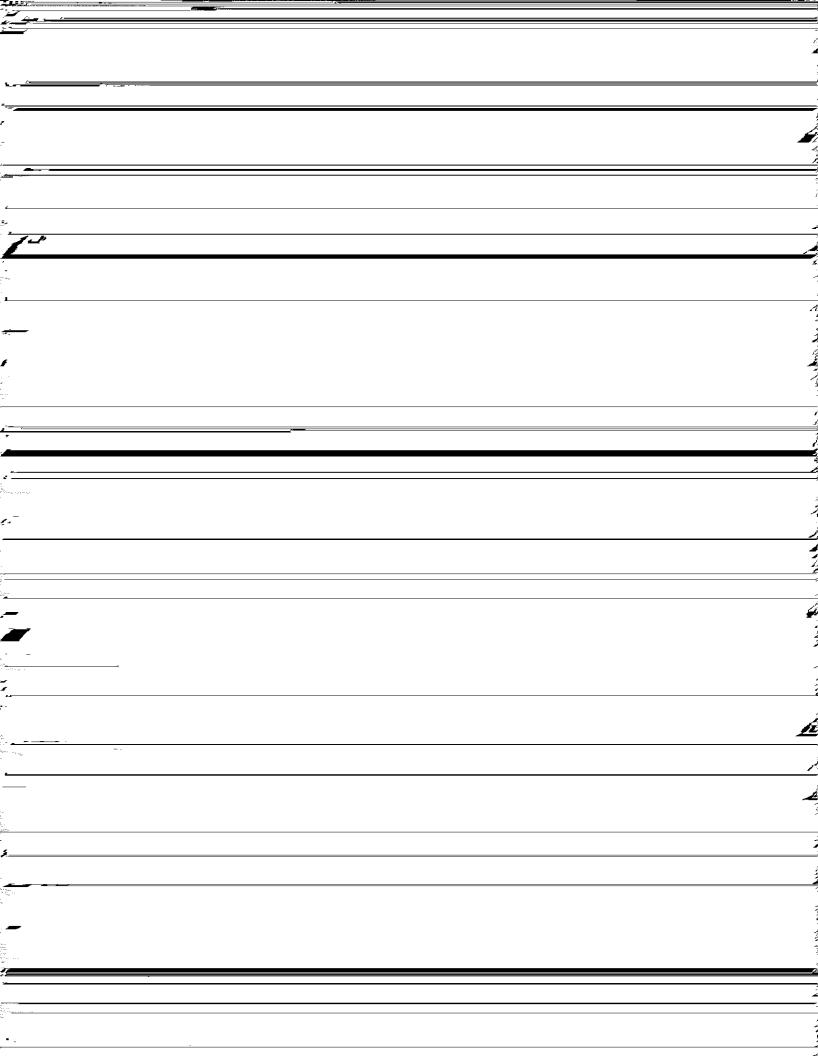


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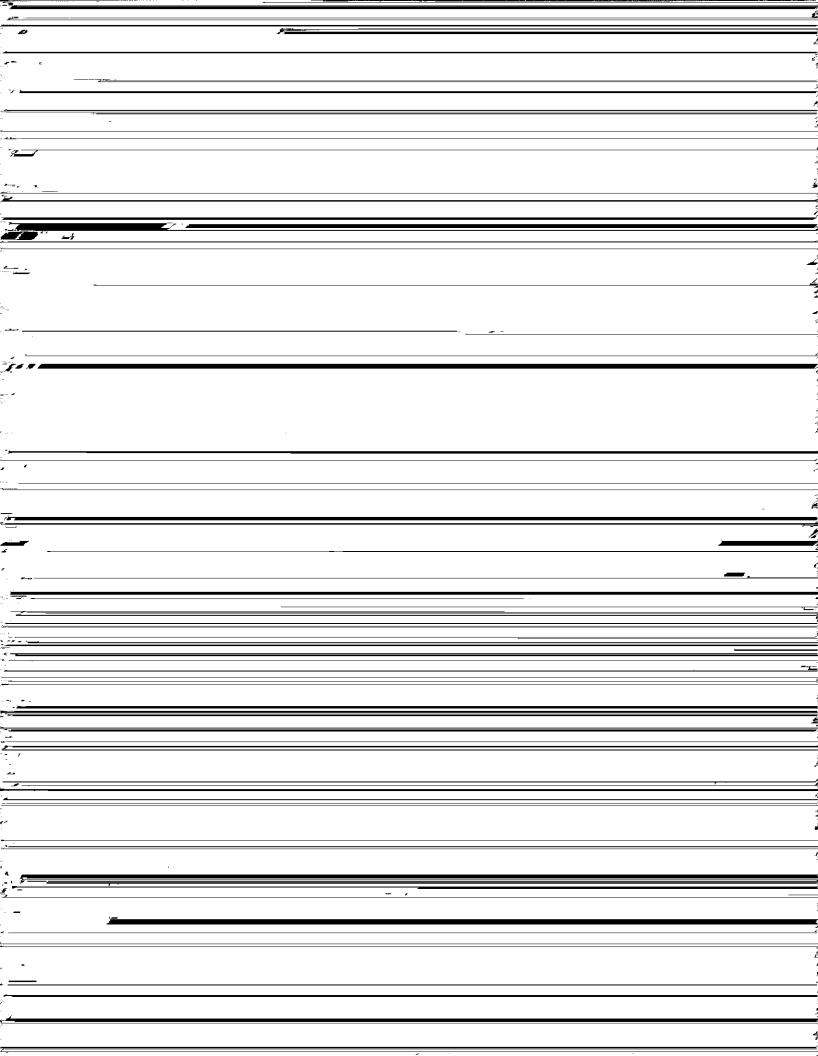
I. INTRODUCTION

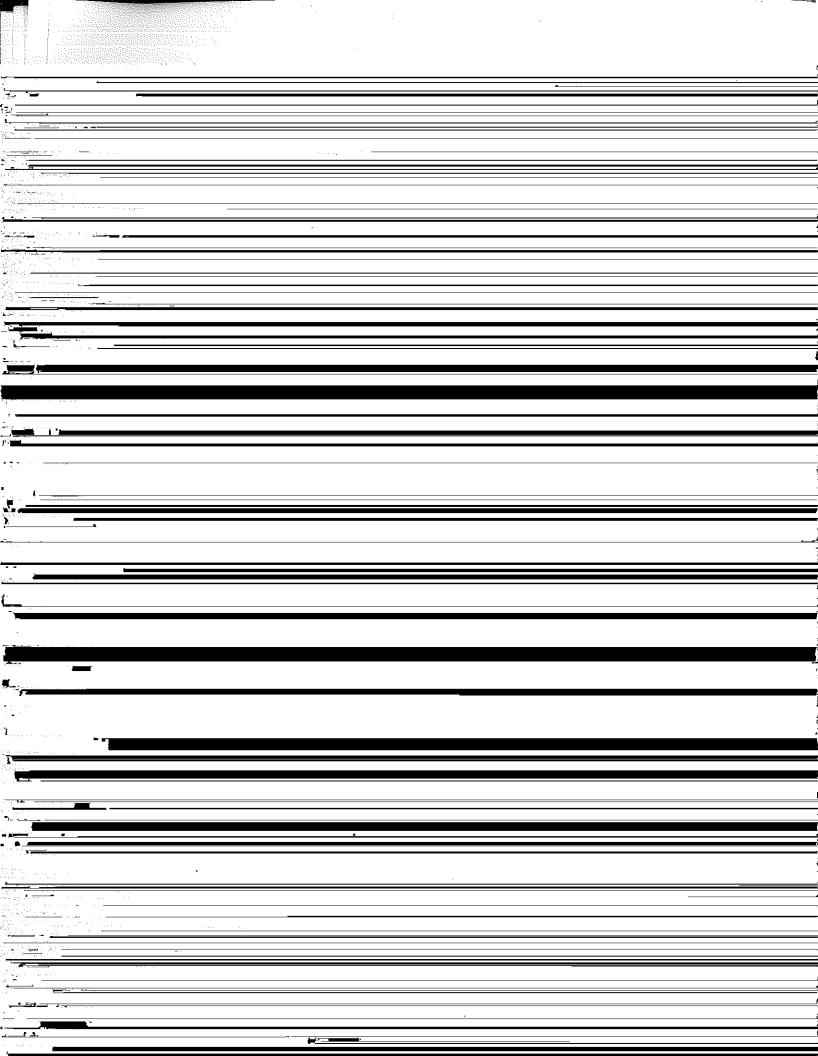
At its forty-third (1988) session, the General Assembly, in the disposition of the item entitled "Implementation of the Declaration on

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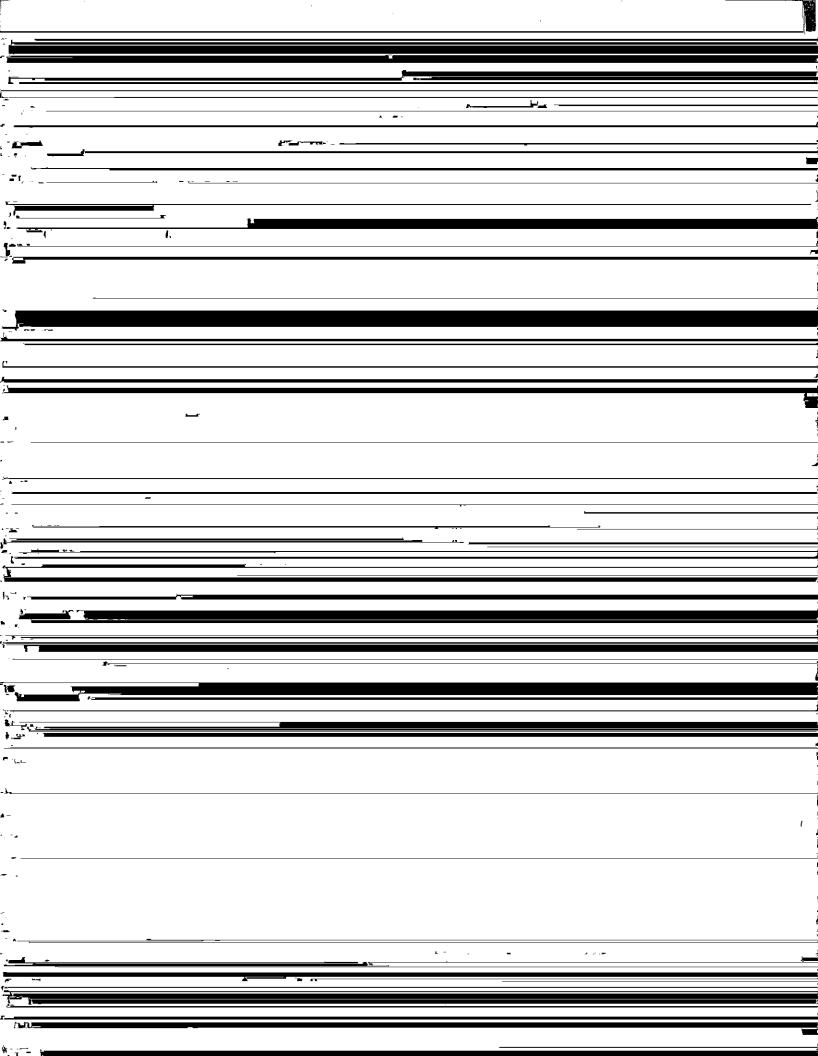
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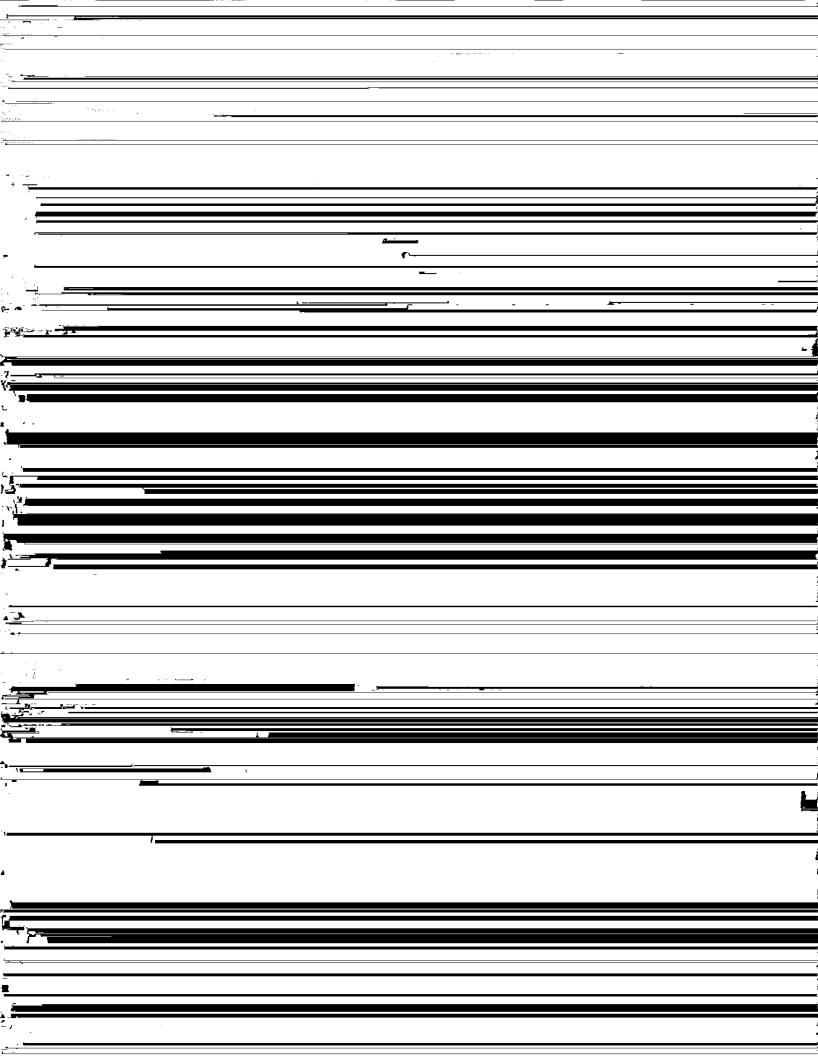






With regard to the item on military activities of colonial Territories, representatives denounced South Africa for its escalating militarization of Namibia and its use of the Territory as a staging ground to commit acts of aggression against neighbouring States. Such activities were a major threat to peace and security in the region. Other speakers denounced the military and nuclear collaboration of some countries with South Africa. Yet others condemned the emplacement by





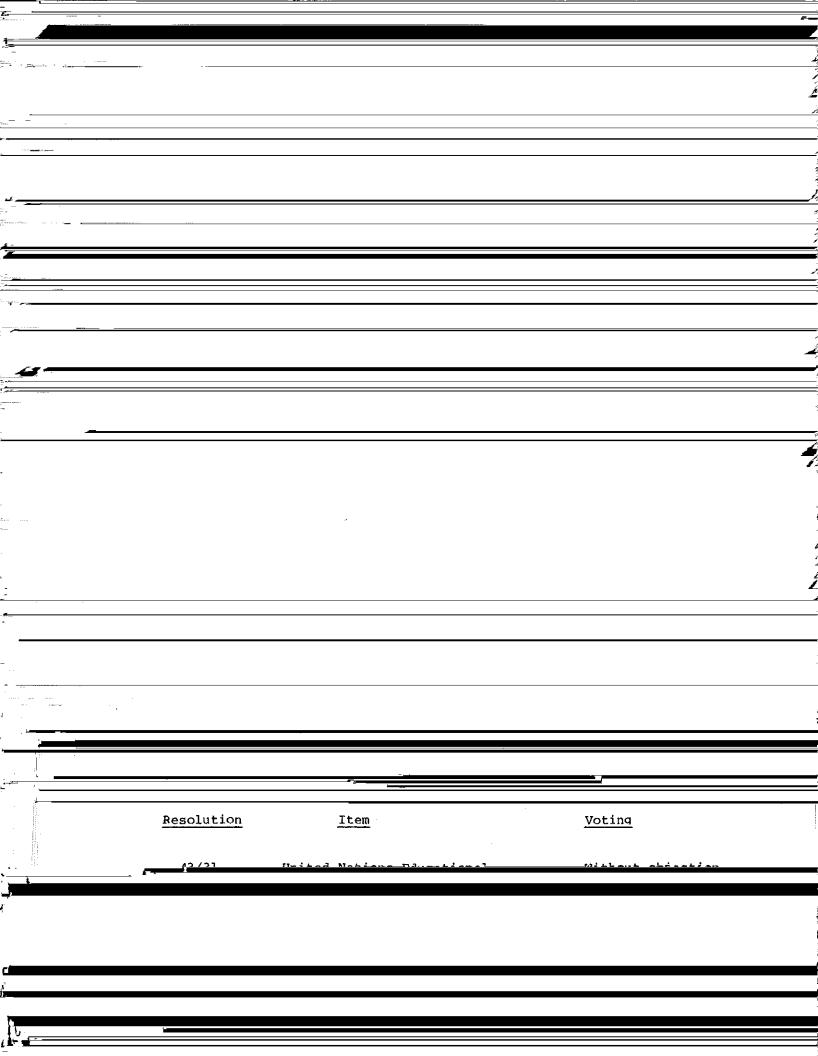
Speakers appealed to all States, institutions, organizations and individuals to pledge increased financial support for the United Nations Educational and Training Programme for Southern Africa. They requested Member States to provide or continue to provide the inhabitants of

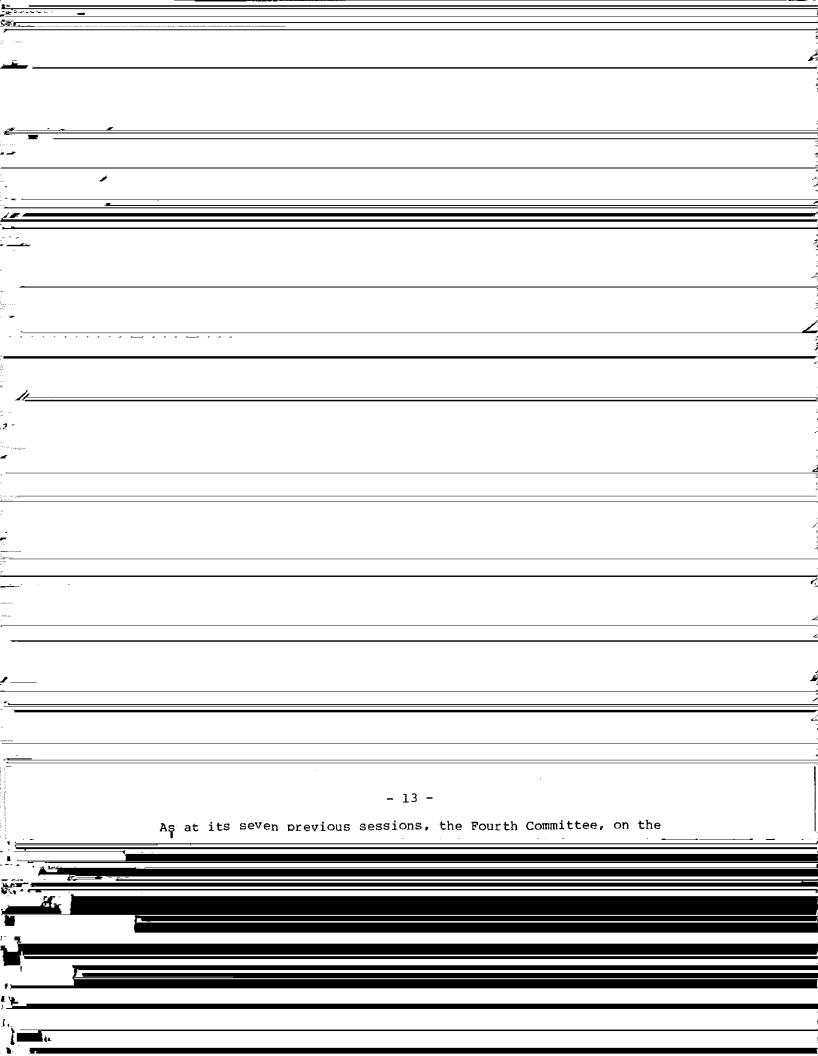
as training facilities for both secondary and post-secondary education.

With regard to the obligation of the administering Powers under Article 73 e of the Charter, many delegations called upon them to co-operate closely with the United Nations by transmitting all the information at their disposal on time. They appealed to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to resume its participation in the Special Committee's work.

On 22 November, on the recommendation of the Fourth Committee, the General Assembly adopted the following resolutions and decisions on these items:

Resolution	Item	Voting
43/28	Information from	154-0-2
	Non-Self-Governing	
	Territories transmitted	
	under Article 73 <u>e</u> of	





Administering Powers, the General Assembly maintained, were responsible for promoting the economic and social development of the respective Territories. It therefore urged them to safeguard the inalienable prerogative of the peoples of the Territories to the enjoyment of their natural resources by taking effective measures to ensure their right to own and dispose of those natural resources and to establish and maintain control of their future development.

Milk wamand to Bounday, Organ and Ot Milion the Govern Sacreti

reaffirmed its strong conviction that the presence of military bases and installations in those Territories could constitute a major obstacle to the implementation of the Declaration and that the administering Powers concerned were responsible for ensuring that the existence of such bases and installations did not hinder the populations of the Territories from

exercising their right to self-determination and independence. The Assembly urged those Powers to continue to take all necessary measures

Petitioner

Ms. Beatrice Von Roemer

Manion Manualia

Mr. Ralston H. Deffenbaugh, Jr.

Organization represented

International Confederation of Free Trade Unions

Lutheran World Federation

Africa Network

Mr. Alun R. Roberts

Mr. Halisi Price. Chairman

Mr. Alton Louis Amsterdam

Namibia Support Committee

SWAPO Support Committee

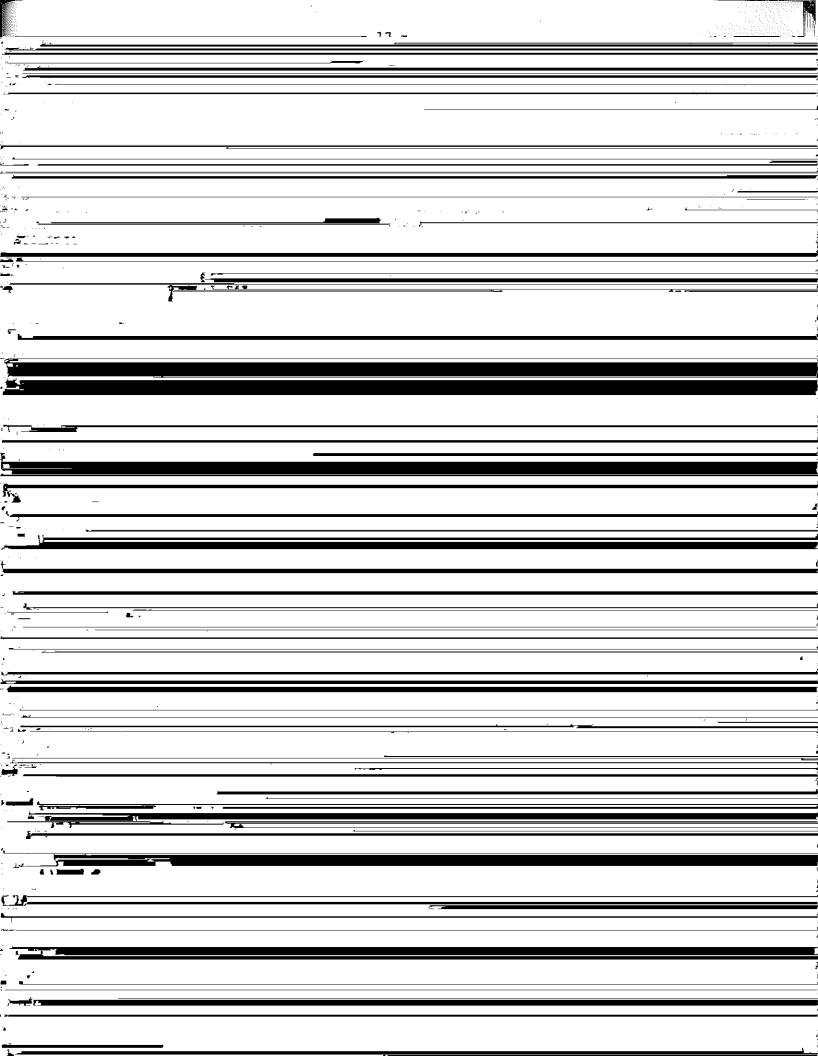
President and Publisher, U.S. World Journal

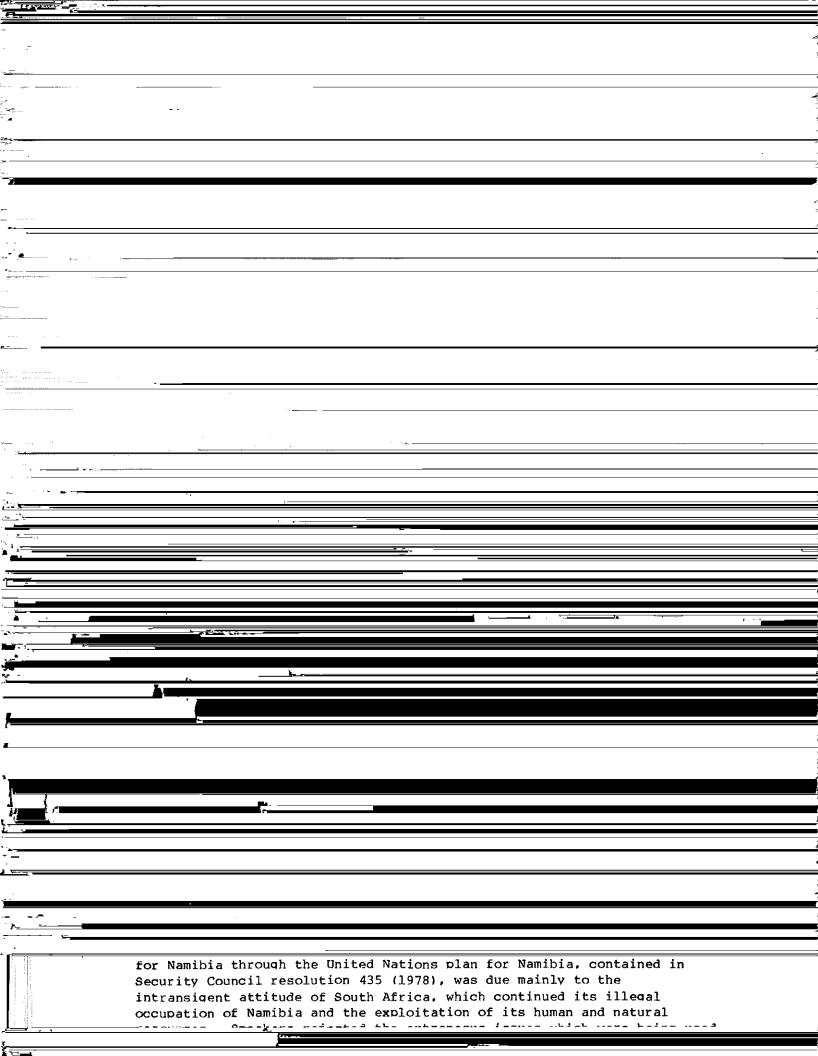
The summary records of the 7th and 8th meetings of the Fourth Committee contain an account of these hearings. 14/

Hearings concerning the Falkland Islande Malwinson

On 17 November, the General Assembly, by approving the draft

Resolution	Item	Voting
43/26 A	Situation in Namibia	130-0-23
	\	
	illegal occupation of the Territory by South Africa	
43/26 B	Implementation of Security Council resolution 435 (1978)	140-0-13
13.026 C	Programme of work of the	1.47-0-6





III. SPECIAL COMMITTEE'S WORK IN 1988

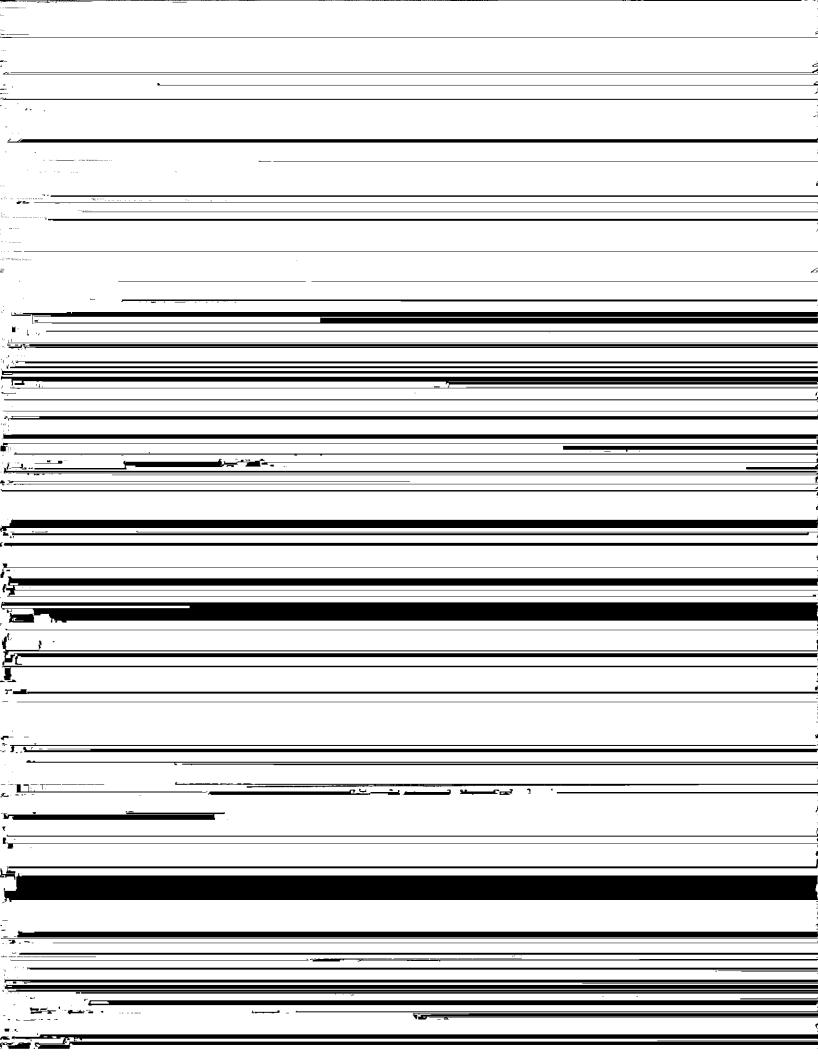
A. Organization of work

At its organizational meeting on 2 February 1988, the Special

Groun. the Sub-Committee on Patitions. Information and Assistance and the

decisions of the International Conference for the Immediate Independence of Namibia, held at Vienna from 7 to 11 July 1986, 19/ the Luanda

	The Committee strongly recommended that the Security Council should respond positively to the overwhelming demand made by the international	
	community by immediately impediate comprehensive and analytical international	
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<u>Petitioner</u>

Organization represented

Mr. Jonathan Head

Tapol, The Indonesian



After taking into account the continuing discussions between the parties concerned on Gibraltar, the Special Committee decided that it would resume consideration of the question at its 1989 session.

On the question of New Caledonia, a representative of Samoa spoke on behalf of the seven members of the South Pacific Forum (Australia, Fiji, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands and Vanuatu), which are also States Members of the United Nations. The representative expressed the conviction of the Forum members that the problems of the