

CHAPTER X

Joint Committees

Article 56

Joint technical parity committees shall be appointed by the High Commissioner in agreement with the Presidential Council, for the purpose of studying and offering solutions to the problems arising from the development and to establish the basis for an active co-operation.

Article 59

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SECRETARIES OF STATE

Dr. Jaka Jamba (UNITA)  
Mr. Hendrick Vaal Neto (FNLA)

MINISTER OF LABOUR AND SOCIAL SECURITY

Eng. António Dembo (UNITA)

SECRETARIES OF STATE

Mr. Cornélio Caley (MPLA)  
Dr. Baptista Nguvulu (FNLA)

MINISTER OF THE ECONOMY

Dr. Vasco Vieira de Almeida (Portugal)

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDUSTRY AND ENERGY

Eng. Augusto Lopes Teixeira (MPLA)

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FISHERIES

Mr. Manuel Alfredo Teixeira Coelho (UNITA)

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR COMMERCE AND CUSTOMS

Eng. Manuel Alfredo Rezende de Oliveira (Portugal)

TEXT OF THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN PORTUGAL AND PARTIDO AFRICANO  
DA INDEPENDENCIA DA GUINÉ E CABO VERDE (PAIGC)

I

The Portuguese Government and the PAIGC

The High Commissioner shall be empowered inter-alia:

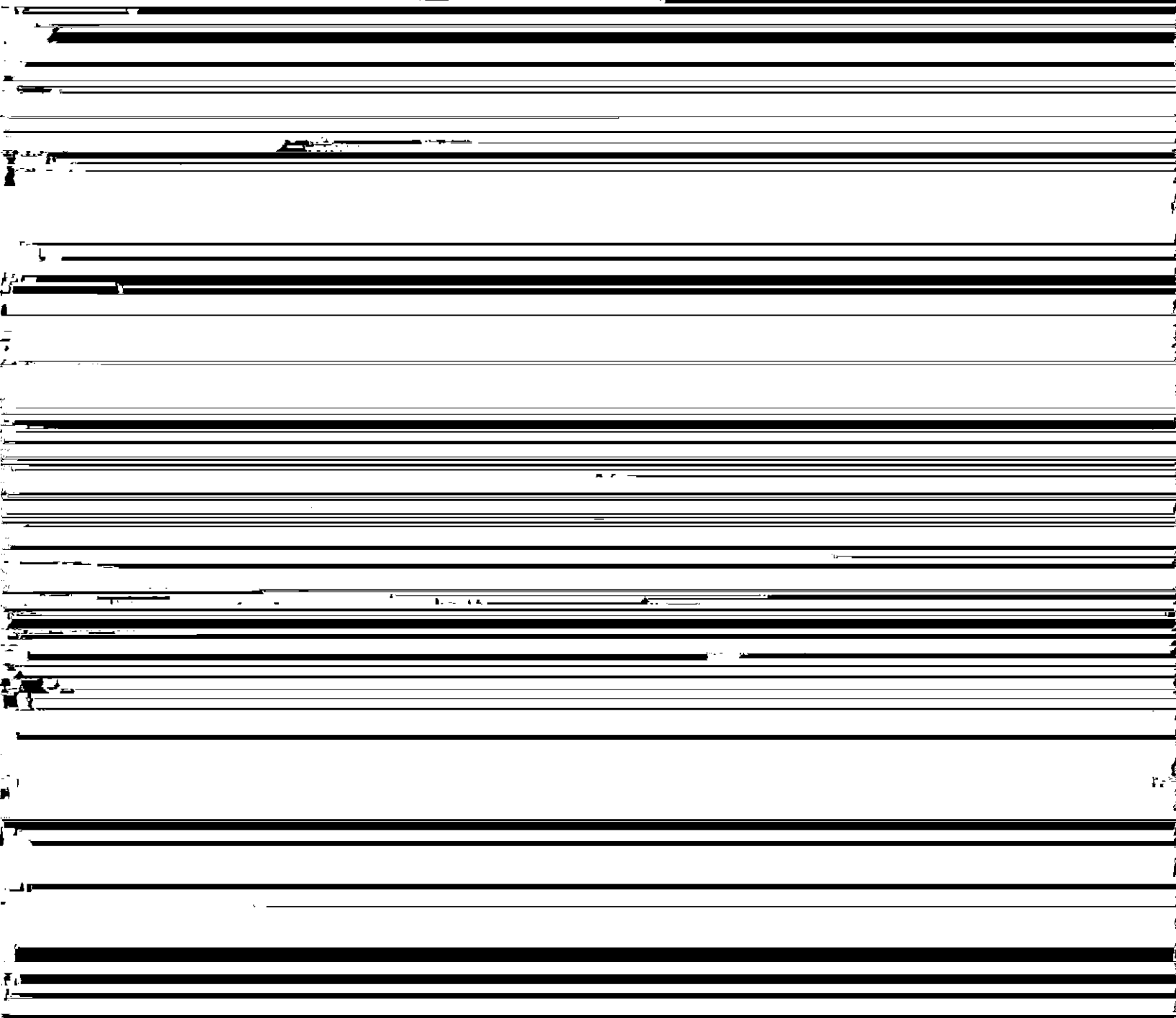
- (a) To represent Portuguese sovereignty
- (b) To preside over the Transitional Government, to co-ordinate and supervise the implementation of the policy laid down by the Council.
- (c) To direct the government departments of Defence and Social Communications

8

The Transitional Government shall take decisions by majority vote, the High Commissioner having a casting vote.

9

The President of the Portuguese Republic shall select and appoint, in addition to the High Commissioner, two Ministers of the Transitional Government, the remaining three being appointed by him on the basis of

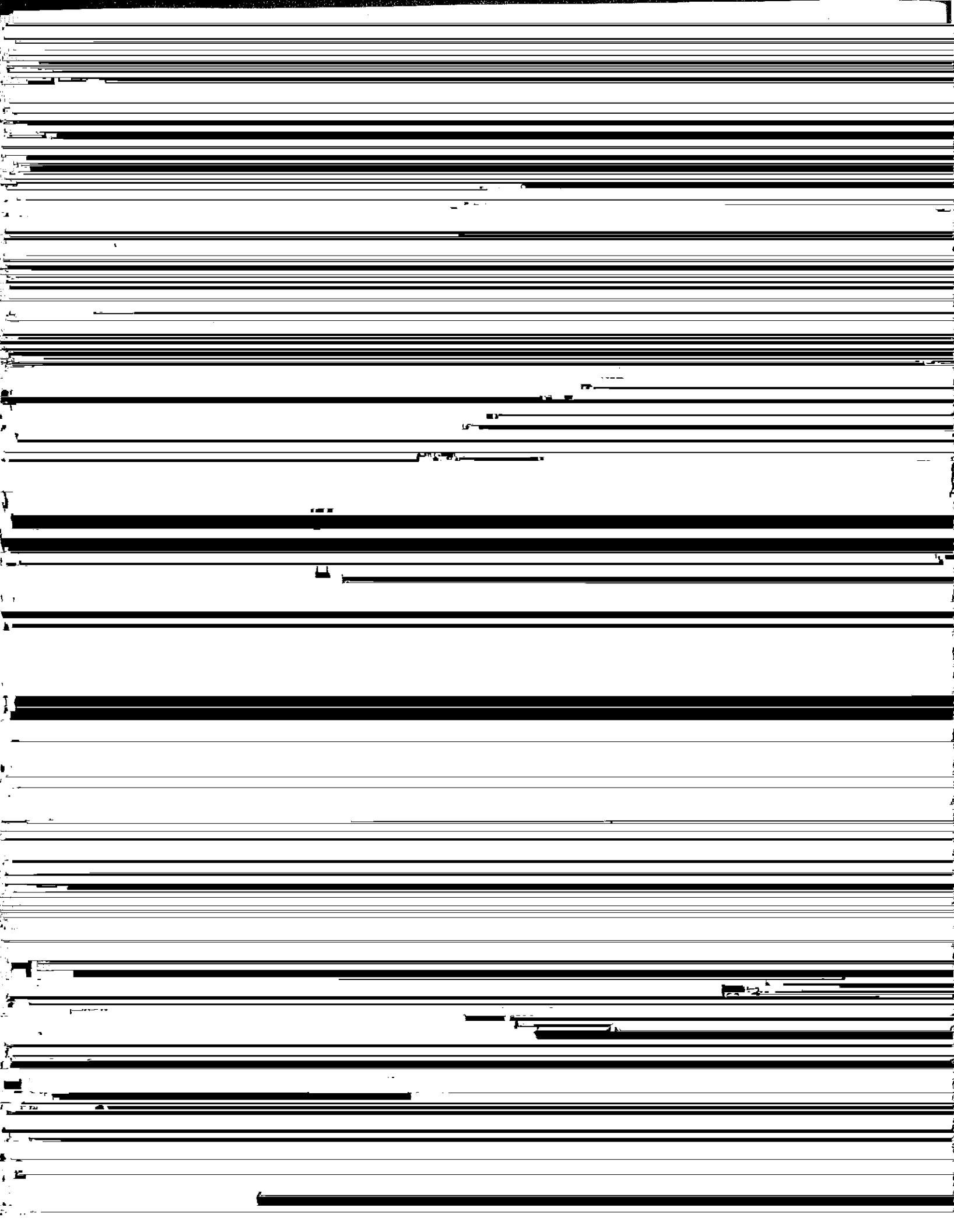


PAIGC, in turn, declares its intention, of which the Portuguese Government takes note, to do everything in its power to safeguard Portuguese citizens resident in the territory of Cape Verde and legitimate Portuguese interests there, and to preserve and strengthen the cultural affinities and friendship between the Portuguese people and the people

The Portuguese Government declares its intention of which PAIGC







MEMORANDUM FOR THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR POLICY AND PROGRAMS

[REDACTED]

(b) Four Ministers, appointed by the Liberation Movement of Sao Tomé and Príncipe;

Pending the decision of the Transitional Government, each of the four Ministers will be in charge of the affairs of one or more of the

Ministry of Economic Co-ordination;

Ministry of Education and Culture;

Ministry of Social Affairs;

Ministry of Justice;

Ministry of Labour;

Ministry of Environment and Social Equipment;

(e) Draw up an Electoral Law and, based on it, elect an Assembly with sovereign constituent powers.

7.2 The legislative power of the Transitional Government will be exerted by means of Decrees-Laws, the executive power will be exerted by means of Decrees, Regulations and Instructions for the proper implementation of the Law.

7.3 The implementation of the policies defined by the Council for each Department will be ensured by the Minister in charge of the respective Department.

8.1 The Armed Forces stationed in the territory will be subordinated to the High Commissioner.

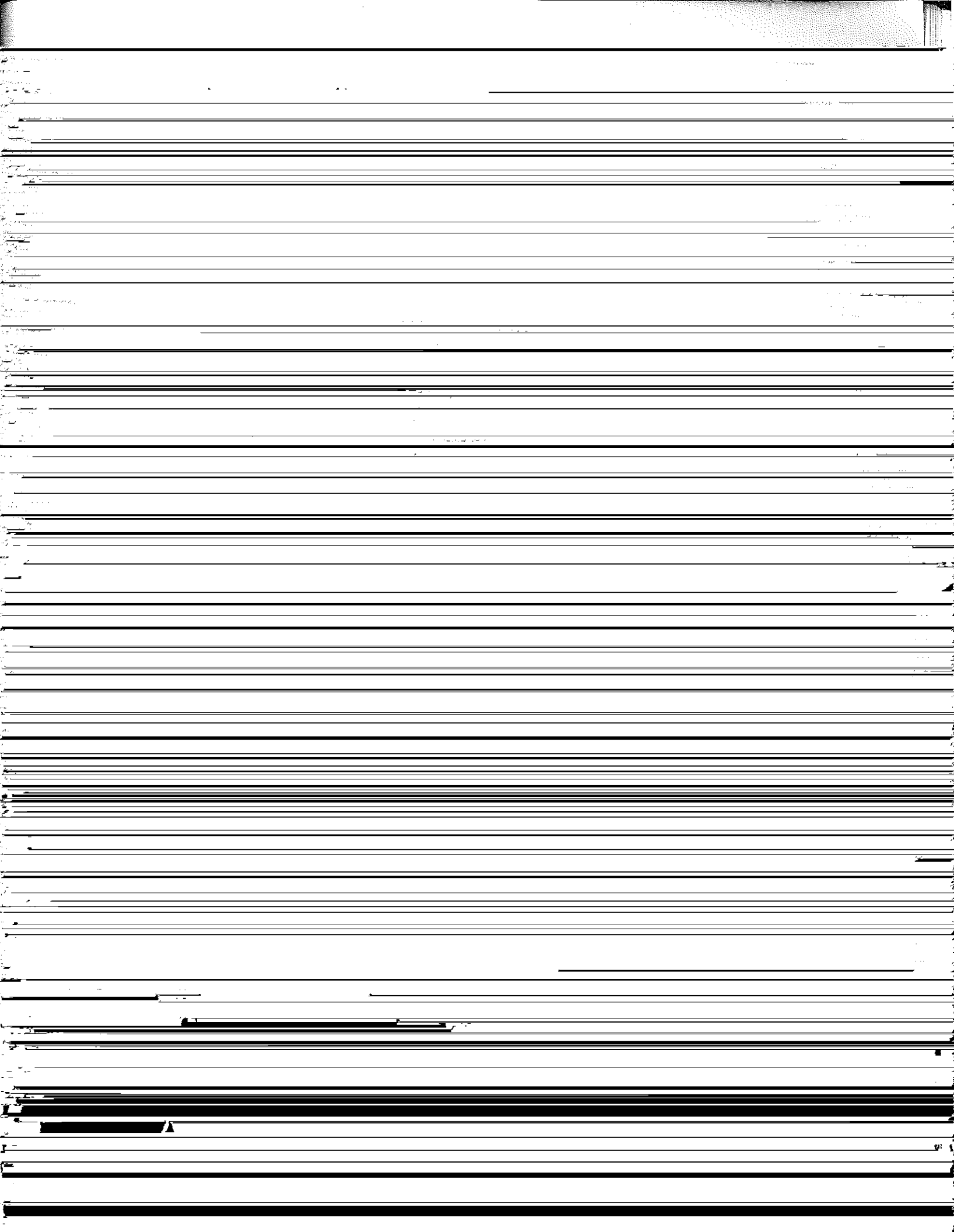
8.2 The Police Forces stationed in the territory will be subordinated to the Prime Minister.

8.3 In case of a serious violation of public order justifying the

12.1 The Transitional Government will take the necessary steps to hold  
the election of an Assembly on 7 July 1975. That Assembly should be

representative of the people of Sao Tomé and Príncipe according to the  
Universal Declaration of Human Rights. It should have sovereign constituent

powers and it should be incumbent on the Assembly to declare the independence



ANNEX I

PROGRAMME OF THE FRENTE NACIONAL DE LIBERTACÃO DE ANGOLA

1. Nationalization of the soil and subsoil.
2. Elimination of all forms of neo-capitalist...

3. Elimination of the capitalist concentration of land...



2. Control or broad participation by the State in all mining enterprises.
3. Control of all banks and insurance companies.
4. Nationalization of all means of transport and improvement of the highway infrastructure.
5. Economic planning of all branches of production.
6. Development of light consumer industries and establishment of heavy industry.
7. Establishment of a national currency, an issuing bank and a credit organization.

Political and Social Problems

1. Establishment of a sovereign secular Republic based on a democratic and social constitution. Protection of the territorial integrity of Angola

## Culture

1. Reform of education with a view to adapting it to national realities and needs and eliminating the cultural monopoly imposed by colonialism.

2. Free primary and secondary education.

3. Intensive literacy campaign among the masses and introduction of the principal national languages into education.

4. Development of scientific and technical education. Establishment of

5. Development and protection of free artistic and literary creation

ANNEX II

DECLARAÇÃO DE QUE O MOVIMENTO POPULAR DE LIBERTAÇÃO DE ANGOLA



(c) All Angolan citizens, without distinction as to nationality, race, sex, social class, cultural level, occupation, economic status, religious belief or philosophical conviction, shall have the right to vote at the age of 18 and the right to be elected at the age of 25.

(d) Electoral system based on universal, equal and direct suffrage.



(p) State control of the foreign trade of Angola in the interests of all the people.

(q) Review of Angola's alleged debts to Portugal to reduce the

deficit in Angola's balance of trade and to balance the income and expenditures of the country.

(r) Abolition of the system of taxation instituted by the Portuguese colonialists and establishment of a new and just national and simple

7. Policy of Social Justice and Progress

(a) Protection by the State of the rights of workers, peasants and all social classes which actively defend the independence of Angola, the



(b) Successful and rapid campaign against illiteracy throughout the country.

(c) Public education shall be within the competence of the State and shall be under its direct supervision.

10. Independent and Peaceful Foreign Policy

(a) Establishment and maintenance of diplomatic relations with all

6. To guarantee the territorial integrity of Angola;

university level;

8. To promote a genuinely Angolan and African culture and to combat obscurantism;

To guarantee the emancipation of the Angolan people;

