

### Commission on Population and Development

The 50th Session

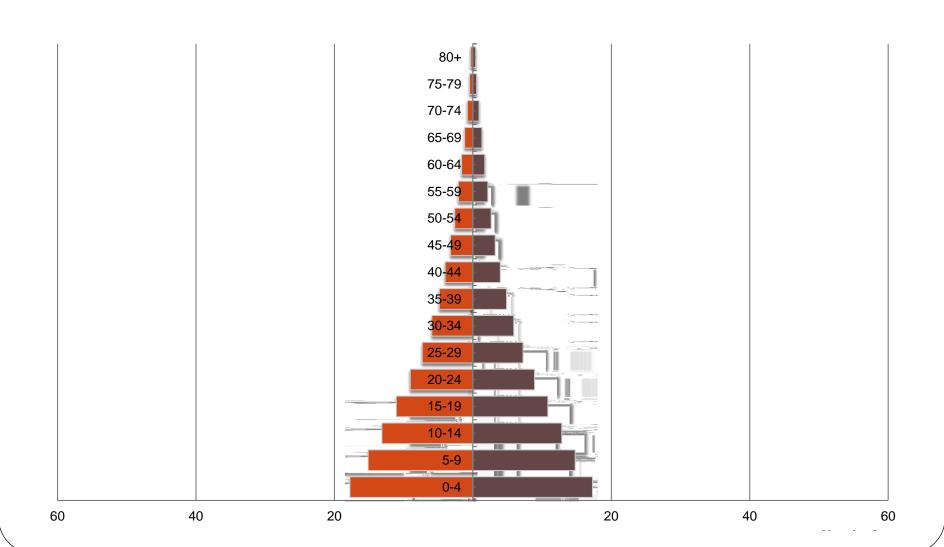
#### **Voluntary Contribution**

Limiaa Abdelghafar

Secretary General, National Population and Development Council

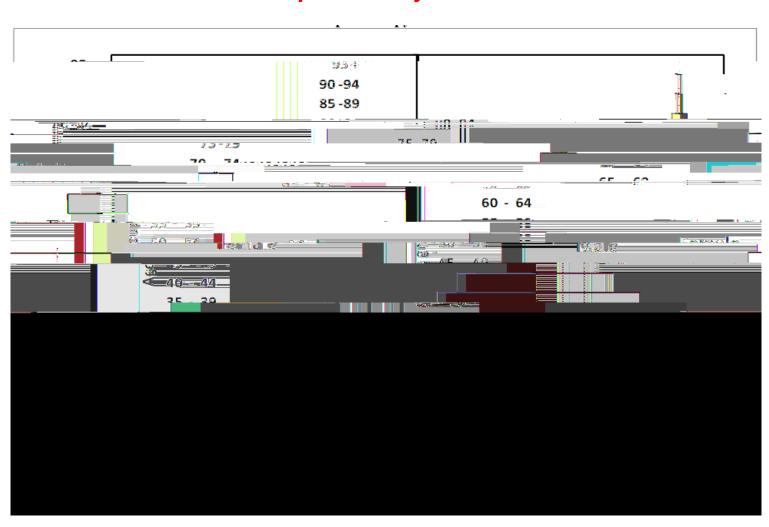
New York 3-7 April 2017

Indicator	Value	Indicator	Value
Area (Miles)	760,000	MMR	216
Population Size (Million, 2017)	40.8	Life Expectancy	60
Growth rate	2.4	FGM/C prevalence rate	87
TFR	5.2	<b>Poverty Line</b>	46.5
CDR	9.6	<b>GDP Growth Rate</b>	4.9
IMR	52	Net Attendance Ratio (Primary School	<b>76</b>
		<b>Unemployment Rate</b>	18%



#### **Age Structure**

#### **Population Pyramid 2008**

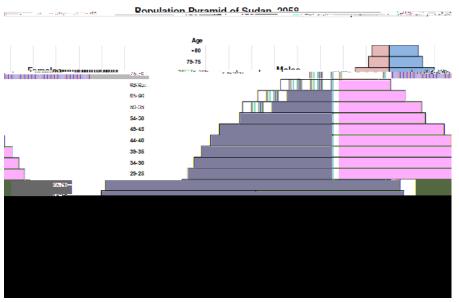


#### **Age Structure**

#### **Population Pyramid 2008 - 2058**

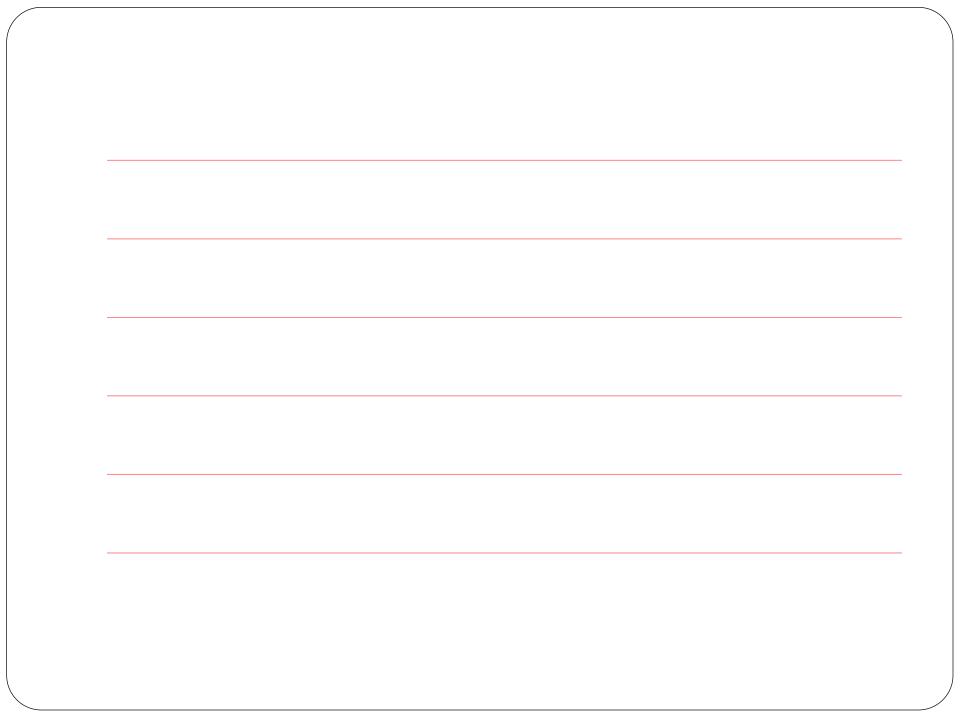






2008			
Age Group	00-14	15-64	65 +
Population Percent	0.425	0.539	0.036
Dependency Ratio		0.85	

2058			
Age Group	00-14	15-64	65 +
Population Percent	0.257	0.663	0.080
Dependency Ratio		0.51	



# **Challenges of Change in Age Structure**

Change in social and economic needs (health, education, jobs, skills development),
Youth participation,

Rapid urbanization,
Disaggregated data
Migration (age selective),
Sustainability of Demographic Dividend,

# **Policies and Programs**

Dividend Stage	Policy in place	Policy priorities for the future	Link to ICPD/PoA and SDGs
	-National Strategic Plan 2007-2031, -National Population Policy (2012-2031),	-Improve human capital, -Empower women and girl, -Promote gender equality -Create job  youth and women, -Manage migration/urbani zation	All the mentioned policies and strategies have been guided by the ICPD/PoA and sustainable agenda 2030

# **Policy Priorities**

Sudan focus draws on other indirect factors to harness demographic dividend, such as

women and youth, improvement of maternal and child health, creation of jobs and employment opportunities as key areas for public policy development and future action in the Sudan.

## **Visioning DD in Sudan**

Demographic Dividend as a development policy tool for actions to transform inevitable changes in the age structure of people in the Sudan, especially youth and the working age people, into tangible gains for development as well as for peace and security.

# **Visioning DD in Sudan**

While achievement of demographic transition is essential, avoidance of shrinkage of working age population is absolutely necessary of sustainability of demographic dividend in Sudan.

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