configurations, one to Mozambique by the Chair and the Vice-Chairs, and one field

Figure II
Number of Peacebuilding Commission outcome documents in 2023

A. Country-specific engageml m į ic engageu

in which all stakeholders are committed to peaceful elections. The Commission underlined the important role of Liberian young people and women in electoral processes and encouraged their meaningful participation. The Commission issued two press statements in connection with the elections. In the second press statement, the Commission congratulated the people of Liberia on having successfully conducted elections in a generally peaceful manner, noting that the historic elections were the first ones organized and implemented by Liberian authorities since the withdrawal of

and member of the Norwegian Truth and Reconciliation Commission and the Assistant Secretary-General for Peacebuilding Support. The briefers from the three countries noted in particular the discrimination and marginalization faced by Indigenous communities, including Indigenous women and young people, and

peace and development on the ground, with a view to promoting coherence and impact for peacebuilding, sustaining peace and sustainable development efforts. The Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme, the Assistant Secretary-General for Peacebuilding Support, the Regional Director for Africa of the Development Coordination Office, the Acting Special Representative of the World Bank Group to the United Nations and the Acting President and Chief Operating Officer of Interpeace gave a briefing to the Economic and Social Council and Commission members. Member States stressed that addressing the root causes of conflict and strengthening prevention efforts could be supported by achieving the Sustainable Development Goals. They called for the United Nations to find new ways to overcome obstacles to sustainable development and peace. The role of the resident coordinators in facilitating collaboration between actors on the ground was emphasized. They noted the value of collaboration between the Economic and Social Council and its segments and the Commission, including through the opportunity for additional joint meetings. They called for flexible, adequate and predictable financing for peacebuilding and development and highlighted the need for increasing contributions to the Peacebuilding Fund. Furthermore, Member States called for enhanced synergies with the international financial institutions, in accordance with their mandates, and regional organizations to operationalize the linkages between peace and development, especially in support of localized approaches. While noting

Figure VI
United Nations and non-United Nations briefers at Peacebuilding Commission meetings since 2016

Figure VII
Types of non-

D. Strengthening synergies between the Peacebuilding Commission and the Peacebuilding Fund

33. In 2023, the Peacebuilding Support Office continued to update the Commission regularly on the work of the Peacebuilding Fund, in particular on programmatic activities as they pertained to the Commission's country, regional and thematic engagements. On 17 November, the Commission held its first meeting with the full Peacebuilding Fund Advisory Group. Meeting attendees explored opportunities for further synergies between the Commission and the Fund in the context of A New Agenda for Peace, the Summit of the Future and the review of the United Nations peacebuilding architecture in 2025. Proposals by Member States and Advisory Group members in that regard included to have more regular interaction, Commission strategic advice to the Fund, joint visits to countries, to encourage more Fund recipient countries to share experiences with the Commission and adequate, predictable and sustainable financing for the Fund, including through voluntary, assessed and innovative sources of funding. In the course of the discussion and, more broadly, participants recognized the increased urgency to invest in peacebuilding and sustaining peace in the current global context and to support populations affected by conflict, especially women and girls.

E. Rules of procedure and working methods of the

its Member States, in order to strengthen its efficiency and flexibility, as well as its mandate to assist Governments partnering with the Commission in their peacebuilding priorities, as appropriate.

III. Strengthen the convening role of the Commission by inviting additional partners including development partners, as applicable, to participate in its meetings. Such partners, to be invited with the consent of the country considered and that of the Commission's member States, may include Member States that are not members of the Organizational Committee, representatives of relevant entities of the United Nations system, including from the country teams, international and regional financial institutions, regional and subregional organizations, civil society organizations, including youth and women's organizations, and, where relevant, the private sector.

3. **Role of the membership**: the Commission has a very diverse membership, bringing together seven members from the General Assembly, seven members from

Actions

I. The Commission is to adopt an annual workplan based on the forward

Fund and to ensure that Member States remain inf

To strengthen national ownership, when considering outcome documents, particular importance shall be given to national or regional representatives of a geographical situation under consideration.

VIII. The Commission, with respect of national ownership, is to explore possibilities for follow-up to meetings with the membership and various briefers.

IX.; Documents to be approved by the Commission are to be circulated early enough, and at least three working days before any deadlines, to allow Mk & Ï