Update on the Secretary-General's Appeal for a Global Ceasefire

02 APRIL 2020



I. IMPLICATIONS OF COVID-19 ON INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY

- The COVID-19 pandemic is the greatest test the world has faced since the formation of the United Nations. It is a global health crisis that is killing people and spreading human suffering. It has and will have profound social, economic and political consequences, including relating to international peace and security.
- 2. As detailed in my report of 31 March on the socio-economic impact of COVID-19, the crisis brought on by the pandemic "risks reversing HIGEHIW SJ TVSKVIWW MR -XLI ¼KLX EKEMRWX TSZ erty and exacerbating already high levels of inequality within and between countries".¹ The postponement of elections or limitations on the ability to vote, sustained restrictions on move ment and access to food and other resources, as well as spiraling unemployment and discontent over the capacity of public institutions to

respond, may all increase political tensions. - R G S R ½ M G X W I X X M R K W X L I the spread of the pandemic may create incentives for some actors to press their advantage, potentially leading to an increase of violence. Terrorist groups in particular may see opportunities to strike as the attention of governments and the international community is absorbed by the health crisis. COVID-19 also risks diverting international attention and resources away

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¹ United Nations: Shared Responsibility; Global Solidarity: Responding to the socio-economic impacts of COVID-19 (31 March 2020; p1).

ability to prevent the spread of the pandemic ERH TVSZMHI WY¾GMIRX LIEPXL GEVI XS MRJIGXIH people as well as to sustain health services.² Women and children in fragile settings are particularly likely to face obstacles accessing health care, livelihoods/education and other critical support. Meanwhile, their needs for pro-XIGXMSR, MRGPYHMRK MR VIPEXMSR XS HSQIWXMG ERH KIRHIV FEWIH ZMSPIRGI, QE] MRGVIEWI [MXL XLI

Mediation, also expressed his support. Across the world, we have seen communities of faith JVSQ EPP FEGOKVSYRHW KEPZERM^I XS NSMR XLI ¼KLX EKEMRWX E ZMVYW XLEX ORS[W RS REXMSREPMX] boundaries, ethnicity or faith.

- 9. In the context of the African Union's commit -QIRX XS EHHVIWWMRK VSSX GEYWIW SJ GSR½MGXW to silence the guns and wars in Africa by 2020, on 27 March, the Chairperson of the African Union Commission, Mr. Moussa Faki Mahamat, appealed to "the moral and humanitarian obligation for all warring parties to immediately WXST ¼KLXMRK XS JEGMPMXEXI XLI QIEWYVIW FIMRK taken by Member States and other actors to combat and defeat the corona virus pandemic". Mr. Josep Borrell, High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy, also publicly expressed support for my ETTIEP 1IER[LMPI XLI 'LEMVQERWLMT MR 3 34 GI SJ XLI 3VKERM^EXMSR JSV 7IGYVMX] ERH 'SSTIVEXMSR in Europe (OSCE), Secretary-General Thomas Greminger and the Heads of OSCE institutions NSMRIH Q] GEPP JSV E KPSFEP GIEWI¼VI MR E PIXXIV addressed to the OSCE community.
- 10. Among other expressions of support, and given the importance of understanding and incorporating the gendered dimensions of the KPSFEP GIEWI¼VI MXW MQTPMGEXMSRW JSV GLMPHVIR and for the protection of civilians, I particularly welcome the endorsement of my appeal on

this would allow humanitarian access through out the crisis-torn country and head off the potential threat of COVID-19. Despite this positive development, respect for the humanitarian pause was short-lived, with clashes between GNA and LNA forces escalating drastically on all frontlines in the next days. Exchanges of LIEZ] EVXMPPIV] ¼VI GSRXMRYIH MR XLI 8VMTSPM EVIE as well as in the Abu Grein area (west of Sirte), Zuwara (west of Tripoli) and Gharyan (south of Tripoli). This military escalation obstructed efforts by civilian authorities and the population to effectively respond to COVID-19. Given the

unity during the election period. Humanitarian actors, including the United Nations and partners, require greater access to people in need MR GSR¹/₂MGX EJJIGXIH VYVEP EVIEW MRGPYHMRK MR Rakhine, Kachin, and northern Shan states, as well as the South East region. Especially in many of these peripheral areas, there is a shared interest in effectively addressing COVID-19. The Government of Myanmar has stated that it will step up efforts to provide humanitarian assis tance and to grant enhanced access to international partners in Rakhine State. Additionally, WIZIVEP IXLRMG EVQIH SVKERM^EXMSRW LEZI GEPPIH JSV E LEPX MR ¼KLXMRK ERH JSV QIHMGEP EWWMWXERGI x On 1 April, the 'Brotherhood Alliance' extended XLIMV YRMPEXIVEP GIEWI¼VI YRXMP % T V M P х 22. On 16 March, President Rodrigo Duterte of the 4LMPMTTMRIW ERRSYRGIH E YRMPEXIVEP GIEWI¼VI effective from 19 March through 15 April to facilitate the COVID-19 response, with the Communist Party of the Philippines, including its armed wing, the New People's Army, and polit ical wing, the National Democratic Front (CPP-

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NPA-NDF). On 24 March, Jose Maria Sison, the leader of the National Democratic Front of the Philippines (NDFP) announced that the CPP had

An array of mediation actors including Norway,

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have already been reported in Syria which could herald a disaster for a country wracked by ten years of war, particularly for internally displaced persons. The Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) released a statement on the same day express_____

V. A CALL TO ACTION: TOWARDS LASTING PEACE

of my global call. During this time, the tools that

we have developed over the years <08.9 <0056>-5.8 <004D>-0

- 33. In this time of crisis, it is essential and urgent that we build on positive developments, even if the steps are tentative and the gains fragile and easily reversible. I welcome indications that in a number of countries adversaries are exploring collaboration to address the pandemic. My Special Representatives and Special Envoys, as well as, where appropriate, Resident Coordinators will strive to bring parties to the GSR½MGX XSKIXLIV XS QSZI JVSQ KSSH MRXIRXMSRW to reality. We are not there yet and we shall not get there without the active engagement of all our partners. I reiterate my call for a global GIEWI¼VI ERH YVKI EPP 11QFIV 7XEXIW FW [IPP EW SYV TEVXRIVW MR VIKMSREP SVKERM^EXMSRW and civil society across the globe to help us achieve it.
- 34. The United Nations will continue its efforts to WIGYVI ERH WYTTSVX GIEWI¼VIW KPSFEPP] MR XLI context of our broader work towards sustain ing peace and implementing the Sustainable Development Goals. In doing so, we will strive to strengthen partnerships across the board , [MXL 1IQFIV 7XEXIW VIKMSREP SVKERM^EXMSRW ERH RSR KSZIVRQIRXEP SVKERM^EXMSRW EW [IPP as other civil society actors, including religious PIEHIVW ERH [SQIR ... W ERH]SYXL SVKERM^EXMSRW Together with my Special Representatives, WIRMSV S¾GMEPW EX ,IEHUYEVXIVW)RZS]W ΕW well as the members of my High-Level Advisory Board on Mediation, I shall continue to closely examine the possibilities for diplomatic engage ment in each instance, as well as continuing to IRGSYVEKI 11QFIV 7XEXIW -VIKMSREP SVKERM^E tions and civil society partners with access and MR1/2YIRGI MR VIPIZERX GSYRXVMIW XS EGX MR WYTTSVX